INSTALLATION AND OPERATION MANUAL

Outlander-i19

INSTALLER:
Leave this manual with the appliance.

CONSUMER:
Retain this manual for future reference.

SAFETY INFORMATION

WARNING

If the information in these instructions are not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or death. Please read the entire manual before you install and use your appliance. This heater has not been tested with an unvented gas log set. To reduce risk of fire or injury, do not install an unvented gas log set into the heater.

- This heater can be very hot when burning.
- Combustible materials such as firewood, wet clothing, etc. placed too close can catch fire.
- Children and pets must be kept from touching the heater when it is hot.
- The chimney must be sound and free of cracks. Before installing this appliance, contact the local building or fire authority and follow their guidelines.
- Operate only with the doors tightly closed.
- Burn wood behind the log retainer directly on the firebricks.
- Do not use an elevated grate or otherwise raise the fire.
- This appliance is designed to burn natural wood only. Higher efficiencies and lower emissions generally result when burning air dried seasoned hardwoods, as compared to softwoods or to green or freshly cut hardwoods.
- Do not start a fire with chemicals or fluids such as gasoline, engine oil, etc.
- Do not burn trash or garbage, lawn clippings/waste, rubber, waste petroleum products, paints or paint thinners/solvents, plastic, materials containing asbestos, construction debris, railroad ties or treated wood, manure or animal remains, salt water driftwood or salted materials, unseasoned wood, coal, charcoal, coloured paper, cardboard, plywood or particleboard. Burning these materials may result in release of toxic fumes or render the appliance ineffective and cause smoke.
- Do not let the appliance become hot enough for any part to glow red.

Wood Stoves ONLY
- At least 14 inches (90.3 square centimeters) of outside air must be admitting to the room or directly to the appliance through a 4" (101.6mm) diameter pipe.
- Keep the stove top temperature below 700°F (371°C). Attempts to achieve heat output rates that exceed design specifications can result in steel distortion and damage.

FOR INDOOR USE ONLY

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (E.P.A.) CERTIFIED TO COMPLY WITH 2020 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS STANDARDS USING CORD WOOD. THIS APPLIANCE HAS BEEN TESTED BY POLYTESTS AND LISTED BY CSA GROUP TO STANDARDS: ULC-S628, UL1482, ASTM E3033-17; ASTM E2515-11 METHODS ALT-125 AS REFERENCED INTO 40 CFR PART 60 SUBPART A AA. REFERENCE #: 161746

APPLY SERIAL NUMBER LABEL FROM CARTON

Serial No. | Model No.
-------------|-----------

$10.00

Wolf Steel Ltd., 24 Napoleon Rd., Barrie, ON L4M 0G8 Canada / 103 Miller Drive, Crittenden, Kentucky, USA, 41030 Phone 1 (866) 820-8686 • https://ambiancefireplaces.com
**WARNING**

- This appliance is hot when operated and can cause severe burns if contacted.
- Any changes or alterations to this appliance or its controls can be dangerous and is prohibited.
- Do not operate appliance before reading and understanding operating instructions. Failure to operate appliance according to operating instructions could cause fire or injury.
- Before installing this appliance, contact the local building or fire authority and follow their guidelines.
- This appliance must be installed by a qualified installer. Never try to repair or replace any part of the appliance unless instructions are given in this manual. All other work should be done by a trained technician.
- Risk of burns. The appliance should be turned off and cooled before servicing.
- Do not operate without fully assembling all components. Do not install damaged, incomplete or substitute components.
- Do not let the appliance become hot enough for any part to glow red.
- Risk of cuts and abrasions. Wear protective gloves, footwear and safety glasses during installation. Sheet metal edges may be sharp.
- All wiring should be done by a qualified electrician and shall be in compliance with local codes. In the absence of local codes, use the current CSA22.1 Canadian Electric Code in Canada or the current National Electric Code ANSI/NFPA No. 70 in the United States.
- If equipped, burning your appliance with the ash dump door ajar creates a fire hazard that may result in discoloration to the door, internal damage to the appliance or a house and/or chimney fire.
- Do not connect this appliance to a chimney flue serving another appliance.
- Clothing or other flammable material should not be placed on or near the appliance. Objects placed in front of the appliance must be kept a minimum of 48" (121.9cm) away from the front face of the appliance.
- Due to high temperatures, the appliance should be located out of traffic and away from furniture and draperies.
- Even after the appliance is off, it will remain hot for an extended period of time.
- Any safety screen or guard removed for servicing must be replaced prior to operating the appliance.
- Under no circumstances should this appliance be modified.
- This appliance must not be connected to a chimney flue pipe servicing a separate solid fuel burning appliance.
- Do not operate the appliance with the glass door removed, cracked or broken. Replacement of the glass should be done by a licensed or qualified service person.
- Do not strike or slam shut the appliance glass door.
- Only doors / optional fronts certified with the appliance are to be installed on the appliance.
- If the appliance is not properly installed, a house fire may result. Do not expose the appliance to the elements (e.g. rain, etc.) and keep the appliance dry at all times. Wet insulation will produce an odour when the appliance is used.
- The chimney must be sound and free of cracks. Clean your chimney a minimum of twice a year and as required.
- Children and adults should be alerted to the hazards of high surface temperature and should stay away to avoid burns or clothing ignition.
- Young children should be carefully supervised when they are in the same room as the appliance. Toddlers, young children and others may be susceptible to accidental contact burns. A physical barrier is recommended if there are at risk individuals in the house. To restrict access to an appliance or stove, install an adjustable safety gate to keep toddlers, young children and other at risk individuals out of the room and away from hot surfaces.
- Ensure you have incorporated adequate safety measures to protect infants/toddlers from touching hot surfaces.
- Check with your local hearth specialty dealer for safety screens and hearth guards to protect children from hot surfaces. These screens and guards must be fastened to the floor.
- Keep the packaging material out of reach of children and dispose of the material in a safe manner. As with all plastic bags, these are not toys and should be kept away from children and infants.
- Do not start a fire with chemicals or fluids such as gasoline, engine oil, etc.
WARNING

- Your appliance requires periodic maintenance and cleaning. Failure to maintain your appliance may lead to smoke spillage in your home.
- Ashes must be disposed in a metal container with a tight lid and placed on a non-combustible surface well away from the home or structure until completely cool.
- Ensure clearances to combustibles are maintained when building a mantel or shelves above the appliance. Elevated temperatures on the wall or in the air above the appliance can cause melting, discolouration or damage to decorations, a TV or other electronic components.

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including lead and lead compounds, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and chemicals including carbon monoxide, which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

For wood appliances:

- Lower emissions generally result when burning air dried seasoned hardwoods, as compared to softwoods or too green or freshly cut hardwoods. Burning wet unseasoned wood can cause excessive creosote accumulation. When this is ignited it can cause a chimney fire that may result in a serious house fire.
- This appliance is designed to burn natural wood only. Do not burn trash or garbage, lawn clippings / waste, rubber, waste petroleum products, paints or paint thinners / solvents, plastic, materials containing asbestos, construction debris, railroad ties or treated wood, manure or animal remains, salt water driftwood or salted materials, unseasoned wood, coal, charcoal, coloured paper, gift wrapping, cardboard, plywood or particleboard. Burning these materials may result in release of toxic fumes or render the appliance ineffective and cause smoke.
- Burn wood directly on the firebricks. Do not elevate grate or otherwise raise the fire.
- Do not store wood within appliance installation clearances or within the space required for re-fueling and ash removal.
- If equipped, the catalyst must be installed and in good working order. It is recommended that the catalyst is inspected at least three times per heating season.
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**Note:**

The information throughout this manual is believed to be correct at the time of printing. Wolf Steel Ltd. reserves the right to change or modify any information within this manual at any time without notice. Changes, other than editorial, are denoted by a vertical line in the margin.
1.0 general information

1.1 dimensions

**Top View**
- Dimension A: 4 1/2" (114mm)
- Dimension B: 25 3/16" (640mm)
- Dimension C: 11 1/2" (292mm)
- Dimension D: 11 1/2" (292mm)

**Side View**
- Dimension A: 4 5/16" (110mm)
- Dimension B: 4 1/2" (114mm)
- Dimension C: 11 1/2" (292mm)
- Dimension D: 21 3/4" (548mm)
- Dimension E: 6" (152mm)

**Front View**
- Dimension A: 43" (1092mm)
- Dimension B: 30 7/8" (784mm)
- Dimension C: 9 5/16" (236mm)
- Dimension D: 16 7/16" (418mm)

**Note:** Due to an adjustable air shutter, A, B, C, and D are adjustable in 3/8" (9mm) increments (see specifications section for min-max).
## 1.2 Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specifications</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Emissions</td>
<td>2.25 grams / hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Efficiency</td>
<td>72%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chamber (D.W.H)</td>
<td>14 5/8&quot; x 20 7/8&quot; x 11 5/8&quot; (371mm x 530mm x 295mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viewing Area</td>
<td>146.85 in² (947cm²)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capacity</td>
<td>1.9 ft³ (0.05m³)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approx. area heated **</td>
<td>800-1800 ft² (74m² - 167m²)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum heat output ***</td>
<td>65,000 BTU/Hr</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heat output *</td>
<td>12,944 - 54,127 BTU/Hr</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duration low fire*</td>
<td>8 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight without bricks</td>
<td>225 lbs (102kg)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight of bricks</td>
<td>60 lbs (27kg)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ideal wood length</td>
<td>16&quot; (406mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Stack Height ****</td>
<td>15 feet (4.5m)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Efficiency standard</td>
<td>B415.1-10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* As tested using the test method ALT-125.

** Figures will vary considerably with individual conditions.

*** Wolf Steel Ltd. estimated realistic BTU/hr with hardwood logs and regular refueling.

**** Required in order to achieve proper draft.
1.3 general instructions

**WARNING**

- All wiring should be done by a qualified electrician and shall be in compliance with local codes. In the absence of local codes, use the current CSA 22.1 Canadian Electric Code in Canada or the current National Electric Code ANSI/NFPA No.70 in the United States.
- This appliance has not been tested with any vented or unvented gas log set. To reduce risk of fire or prevent injury, do not install a vented or unvented gas log set into the appliance.
- Burning your appliance with the ash dump door open or ajar creates a fire hazard that may result in discoloration to the gold plated door, internal damage to the appliance or a house chimney fire.
- Do not connect this appliance to a chimney flue serving another appliance.
- This appliance and its components are designed to be installed and operated as a system. Any alteration to or substitution for items in this system, unless allowed by these installation instructions will void the listing and may void the product warranty. It may also create a hazardous installation. Read through these instructions thoroughly before starting your installation and follow them carefully through your project.

- Before beginning your installation, consult with your local building code agency or fire officials and insurance representative to ensure compliance.
- Non-toxic smoke will be emitted during the paint curing process to help dissipate the smoke open a window near the appliance.
- Remove any dust or debris off the top of the appliance before firing the appliance as the paint will become soft as the appliance heats up and will harden as the appliance cures. To cure the paint on your appliance, burn your appliance moderately hot during the first few fires.
- To keep the gasket from sticking to the appliance as the paint is curing, periodically open the door every 5-10 minutes.
- For the first two weeks, use generous amounts of fuel and burn the appliance with the damper wide open for an hour as the appliance goes through a process of eliminating moisture in the steel and firebricks. The initial heat output will be reduced while the moisture is being drawn from the appliance and it will be necessary to build several hot fires to remove this moisture.
- **DURING THIS PROCESS DO NOT OVERFIRE THE APPLIANCE. REDUCE THE AMOUNT OF AIR COMING INTO THE APPLIANCE IF THE APPLIANCE OR CHIMNEY BECOMES RED.**
We suggest that our woodburning hearth products be installed and serviced by professionals who are certified in the U.S. by the National Fireplace Institute® (NFI) as NFI Woodburning Specialists or who are certified in Canada by Wood Energy Technical Training (WETT).

1.4 general information

Your appliance was specifically designed to meet the 2020 U.S.A. EPA particulate emission standards for cord wood and has been extensively tested in Canadian laboratories. This system is the most efficient, simple and trouble free we know and works as follows:

Your appliance is the exact duplication of the clean-burning technology found in all Ambiance EPA certified freestanding stoves. External modifications have been made to allow its installation as a “functional insert” with a heat circulating blower system and a means of enclosing the solid fuel burning fireplace cavity for greater heating efficiency.

Your appliance must be installed only into a solid fuel burning fireplace that is at least 14” (356mm) deep 25 7/8” (657mm) wide and 22” (559mm) high with an approved lined chimney at least 15 feet high (4.6m) and a hearth of 18” (457mm). This minimum recess can only be achieved if the opening height is sufficient enough to allow the connector to fit under the noncombustible facing. The appliance and chimney must be constructed in accordance with all national and local building code standards.

The chimney vent system used on your wood burning appliance should be designed with the least amount of restriction possible to enable the exhaust products to easily flow through it. Chimney vent systems that are too short or too long can also have an adverse affect on the flow of exhaust through it. The wood burning appliance and chimney vent system also require a sufficient supply of combustion air not only to support the combustion in the combustion chamber but to replace the exhaust leaving it so it can flow freely up through the vent system and out into the atmosphere. It is the correct balance of combustion air and the chimney vent system that will ensure the appliance provides you with its optimum performance.

Secondary air from the rear intake opening travels up the back in the secondary air housing to the manifold located across the top and flows out laterally to oxidize the gases below the smoke exit.

The lower combustion chamber is lined with high temperature firebricks on 2 sides, the back and across the bottom, with a layer of fibre baffles at the top to maintain a high temperature in the combustion chamber so that gases mixing with the preheated air from the secondary air manifold tube are easily ignited and burned. The appliance sides and back are shielded to direct the heat upwards and forwards into the room.

Be sure to provide sufficient combustion air. There are many other appliances in your home competing for air such as: a kitchen range hood, forced air heating devices or a bathroom exhaust fan.

Expansion / contraction noises during heating up and cooling down cycles are normal and to be expected.

After extended periods of non-operation such as following a vacation or a warm weather season, the appliance may emit a slight odour for a few hours. This is caused by dust particles on the firebox burning off. Open a window to sufficiently ventilate the room.

If you experience smoking problems, you may need to open a door, a window or otherwise provide some method of supplying combustion air to the appliance.
1.5 rating plate information

This illustration is for reference only. Refer to the rating plate on the appliance for accurate information.

Note:
The rating plate must remain with the appliance at all times. It must not be removed.
2.0 installation planning

Clean all ashes out of the inside of the existing fireplace opening. Make sure that the chimney and fireplace are free of cracks, loose mortar, creosote deposits, blockage or other signs of deterioration. If necessary, have any repair work done by a qualified professional before installing the insert.

Do NOT remove bricks or mortar from the fireplace. In case of an outside air inlet or ash dump, fill with fiberglass insulation. Adhere to minimum clearances as illustrated.

Combustible material must not protrude more than 1" (25mm) to the side of the insert or between the mantel and the top of the insert.

2.1 minimum clearance to combustibles

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MINIMUM CLEARANCES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A Sidewall</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B Mantel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C Top facing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D Side facing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E Hearth (front)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F Minimum hearth thickness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G Hearth (side)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H In front of insert</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MINIMUM APPLIANCE SIZE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I Width (rear)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J Width (front)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K Height (front)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L Height (rear)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M Depth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N Hearth width</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O Facing width</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P Facing height</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Q Mantel</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| 16" (406mm)                          |
| 30" (762mm)                          |
| 22" (559mm)                          |
| 10" (254mm)                          |
| 22" (559mm)                          |
| 1" (25mm)                            |
| 8" (203mm)                           |
| 48" (1219mm)                         |
| 25 7/8" (657mm)                      |
| 25 7/8" (657mm)                      |
| 22" (559mm)                          |
| 22" (559mm)                          |
| 14" (356mm)                          |
| 41 3/8" (1051mm)                     |
| 45 3/8" (1153mm)                     |
| 42 5/8" (1083mm)                     |
| 50 5/8" (1286mm)                     |

HEARTH EXTENSION / FLOOR PROTECTION:

Must be non-combustible and extend 22" (559mm) in front of the insert and 8" (203mm) on both sides with a minimum thickness of 1" (25mm) and a thermal conductivity factor (K) 0.84.

Clearances can be reduced with shielding acceptable to local authorities. Reduced installation must comply with NFPA 211 or CAN/CSA-B365.
WARNING

- Wear gloves, protective footwear and safety glasses for protection.
- Carefully follow the instructions for assembly of the pipe and other parts needed to install the appliance. Failure to do so may result in a fire, especially if combustibles are too close to the appliance or chimney and air spacers are blocked, preventing the free movement of cooling air.
- Do not draw outside air from garage spaces. Exhaust products of gasoline engines are hazardous. Do not install outside air ducts such that the air may be drawn from attic spaces, basements or above the roofing where other heating appliances or fans and chimneys exhaust or utilize air. These precautions will reduce the possibility of appliance smoking or air flow reversal. The outside air inlet must remain clear of leaves, debris, ice and/or snow. It must be unrestricted while appliance is in use to prevent room air starvation which can cause smoke spillage and an inability to maintain a fire. Smoke spillage can also set off smoke alarms.
- Negative pressure within your home may inadvertently affect your appliance.
- To prevent contact with sagging or loose insulation, the appliance must not be installed against vapour barriers or exposed insulation. Localized overheating could occur and a fire could result.
- Do not use makeshift compromises during installation. Do not block or restrict air, grille or louvre openings. Do not add a hood.
- To prevent personal injury, keep hand tools in good condition, sharpen cutting edges and make sure tool handles are secure.
- Always maintain the minimum air space required in the enclosure to prevent fires.
- Check with local building officials for any permits required for installation of this appliance and notify your insurance company prior to proceeding.

It is extremely important that your appliance be installed according to the manufacturer's specifications. The manufacturer's installation instructions and specified clearances should always be followed in accordance with local and national codes. In Canada the CSA B365 and the CSA C22.1 installation codes are to be followed. In the USA the ANSI NFPA 70 and ANSI NFPA 211 installation codes are to be followed.

Chimney and liner must be in good condition and kept clean.
You can install your appliance using your existing masonry chimney. To do so, use the following guidelines. If you are using a masonry chimney, it is important that it be built in compliance with the specifications of the Building Code in your region. It must normally be lined with fire clay bricks, metal or clay tiles sealed together with fire cement. (Round flues are the most efficient).

A. Remove the fireplace damper or fasten it permanently open.
   * We recommend the following method of sealing off the damper area around the liner.

B. * Measure the throat of the fireplace and mark this shape on a piece of 24 gauge sheet metal (flue cover); cut a six-inch (6.75" / 171mm) hole to lie directly below the fireplace flue opening. Allow two inches of material for a flange on all sides and cut to these measurements. Bend down the flanges. If you have never done this before, it might be a good idea to make a cardboard pattern and test it first. Fasten this flue cover in position as high as possible with two masonry screws per side through the flanges into the fireplace.

**In Canada:** Install a listed 6" (152mm) diameter flexible stainless steel liner from the top of the chimney to the insert flue collar. Attach a stainless steel liner connector or elbow to the liner and insert onto the flue collar. Fasten with three screws. Secure the top of the liner to the chimney cap using a liner support and chimney flashing. Cap the top of the chimney liner assembly using an approved rain cap.

**note:**

This fireplace insert must be installed with a continuous chimney liner of 6" (152mm) diameter extending from the fireplace insert to the top of the chimney. The chimney liner must conform to the Class 3 requirements of CAN/ULC-S635, Standard for Lining Systems for Existing Masonry or Factory-Built Chimneys and Vents, or CAN/ULC-S640, Standard for Lining Systems for New Masonry Chimneys.

**In the United States:** While it is not required, it is recommended that a chimney liner be installed that is continuous from the insert to the top of the chimney, particularly when the insert is installed in a basement. For this type of connection, use the “In Canada” installation instructions above.

If a continuous liner is not installed, a “direct flue connection” must be made. The direct flue connection requires a non-combustible connector that extends from the insert into the chimney flue liner and also that the installed flue cover be sealed below the entry point of the connector to prevent dilution of combustion products in the chimney flue with air from inside the house. Cap the top of the chimney using an approved rain cap.

The following installation requirements must be observed when installing solid fuel burning inserts into factory built fireplaces.
3.2  factory built fireplace

The following installation requirements must be observed when installing solid fuel burning inserts into factory built fireplaces,

A. The factory built fireplace must be listed per UL 127 or ULC S610.

B. Clearances to any combustible material surrounding this insert as identified must be followed. These clearance requirements supersede any pre-existing facing material clearances listed for the factory built fireplace.

C. Installation must include a full height listed chimney liner meeting HT requirements (2100°F/1149°C) as required in UL 1777 (U.S.) or ULC S635 (Canada). The liner must be securely attached to the insert flue collar and the chimney top.

D. Means must be provided to prevent room air passage to the chimney cavity of the fireplace. This may be accomplished by sealing the damper area around the chimney liner, or sealing the appliance front.

E. The air flow within and around the appliance shall not be altered by the installation of the insert (i.e. no louvres or cooling air inlet or outlet ports are blocked), unless specifically tested as such for each factory built fireplace manufacturer and model line.

F. Alteration of the appliance in any manner is not permitted with the following exceptions;

A. External trim pieces which do not affect the operation of the appliance may be removed providing they can be stored on or within the fireplace for reassembly if the insert is removed.

B. The chimney damper may be removed to install the chimney liner.

G. Circulating air chambers (i.e. in a steel fireplace liner or metal heat circulator) shall not be blocked.

H. Means must be provided for removal of the insert to clean the chimney flue.

I. Inserts that project in front of the fireplace must be supplied with appropriate support means.

J. A permanent metal warning label must be attached to the back of the fireplace stating that the fireplace must be restored to its original condition for safe use without the insert.

Note: Using a louvered face plate (surround) complies with this requirement.
4.0 finishing

4.1 secondary air tubes

A. Start at the back working forwards, install the secondary air tube by inserting the tube into the hole (Fig. 4-1).

B. Slide the tube into the opposite hole. With the holes on the secondary air tube pointing forward, align the tube with the tube retainer and insert the cotter pin (Fig. 4-2).

C. Spread the cotter pin to retain.

**note:**
There are 4 secondary air tubes. One of the tubes has larger holes. This tube is to be located closest to the front of the appliance (Fig. 4-3).

4.2 door installation

Hang the door using the hinge pins supplied.
4.3 door handle installation

1. Twist the large wire handle over the end of the handle rod.
2. Twist the smaller wire handle over the end of the air control rod above the door.

NOTE: DOOR MAY APPEAR EXACTLY AS ILLUSTRATED

NOTE: Position of door handle latch.
finishing

4.4 bricks and baffles installation

**WARNING**

- Operation of the appliance without the baffles can result in excessive temperatures that could damage the appliance, chimney, and the surrounding enclosure.

With the appliance and chimney installation completed, move the bricks into place as illustrated below (Fig. 4-4).

A. Install nine (A) bricks and one (B) brick along the bottom of the firebox, working from the back of the appliance forward.

B. Install eight (A) bricks along the left and right sides of the appliance.

C. Install four (A) bricks and one (C) brick along the back wall by pivoting the bricks up under the brick retainer.

**note:**

Place brick (C) in the centre, with two (A) bricks on either side as illustrated (Fig. 4-5).

D. Install two (D) bricks along the front of the appliance below the ledge at the bottom of the door opening.

E. Carefully pivot two (E) fibre baffles up onto the secondary air tubes as illustrated. Ensure that the top baffles are pushed all the way to the rear of the firebox, leaving a minimum of a 1 inch gap along the front. This will allow the flue gases to escape the firebox. Ensure overlap joint is tight.

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**Fig. 4-4**

**Fig. 4-5**
4.5 flashing installation

A. With the flashing close to its final position, assemble sides as illustrated using the supplied fasteners (Fig. 4-6).

B. The flashing position on the insert is adjustable, allowing for varying fireplace cavity and/or hearth depths. Engage the tabs on the assembled side flashings into the appropriate slots on the insert for the desired final location.

C. Adjust the blower chute tightly against the flashing and secure it in place.

D. Insert the top piece as illustrated, then bolt together using the screws, lock washers and weldnuts provided (Fig. 4-7).

E. Slide the appliance back into position.
4.6  blower installation

↓ WARNING

- Risk of fire and electrical shock.
- Turn off the electrical power before servicing this appliance.
- Use only Wolf Steel approved optional accessories and replacement parts with this appliance. Using non-listed accessories (blowers, doors, louvres, trims, etc.) could result in a safety hazard and will void the warranty and certification.
- Ensure that the blower’s power cord is not in contact with any surface of the appliance to prevent electrical shock or fire damage. Do not run the power cord beneath the appliance.

Drywall dust will penetrate into the blower bearings, causing irreparable damage. Care must be taken to prevent drywall dust from coming into contact with the blower or its compartment. Any damage resulting from this condition is not covered by the warranty policy. Use of the blower increases the output of heat.

This blower is thermally activated. Depending on the intensity of the fire, the blower will start 15-30 minutes after lighting. The thermal switch for the appliance is affixed to an adjustable bracket, which should be positioned so it is in contact with the blower housing as illustrated.

For shipping purposes the blower housing has been stored within the firebox. We recommend removing the door prior to installing the blower.

A. Remove the two screws securing the cover. Set the screws aside.

B. Engage the clips onto the retainer bracket and secure using the screw supplied.

C. Re-attach the cover with the two screws previously removed.
WARNING

- Always operate this appliance with the door closed and latched except during start-up and re-fueling. Always wear gloves to prevent injury. Do not leave the fire unattended when the door is unlatched as unstable wood could fall out of the fire chamber creating a fire hazard to your home.
- Never leave children unattended when there is a fire burning in the appliance.
- Never use gasoline, gasoline-type lantern fuel, kerosene, charcoal lighter fluid, or similar liquids to start or “freshen up” a fire in this appliance. Keep all such liquids well away from the appliance while it is in use.
- Objects placed in front of the appliance should be kept a minimum of 48” (121.9cm) from the front face.
- Any modification of the appliance that has not been approved in writing by the testing authority is considered breaching CSA B365 (Canada) and ANSI/NFPA 211 (USA).
- Open air control (and damper when fitted) before opening the firing door.
- Hot while in operation. Keep children, clothing, and furniture away. Contact may cause skin burns. Wear gloves to operate your appliance.
- Burning your appliance with the doors open or ajar creates a fire hazard that may result in a house and/or chimney fire.
- This wood appliance has a preset minimum low burn rate that must not be altered. It is against federal regulations in the United States to alter this setting or otherwise operate this wood appliance in a manner inconsistent with operating instructions in this manual.

Your Ambiance EPA listed product is designed with the most advanced technology. The appliance is extremely airtight.

The first fire(s) in your appliance will be difficult to get going and keep going with little amount of heat being generated. This is a result of the moisture being driven out of the fire brick. During the break-in period (the first 2 or 3 fires) create only small fires using kindling; this will allow the firebrick to cure. Do not be alarmed if small hairline cracks develop in the firebrick. This is a normal occurrence and does not pose a safety hazard. The paint may also smell a little for the first few fires as it cures and you may wish to open a door or window to alleviate the smell.

To start, a brisk fire is required. Place loosely crumpled paper on the floor of the appliance and cover with dry kindling. Open the air control fully by sliding control all the way to the right. Light the paper and leave the door slightly ajar (one inch) until all kindling is burning. To maintain a brisk fire, a hot coal bed must be established and sustained.

Slowly add larger wood (2x4 size pieces). Lay the pieces lengthwise from side to side in the hot coal bed with a shallow trench between, so that the primary air can flow directly into this trench and ignite the fuel above. When the fire seems to be at its peak, medium sized logs may be added. Once these logs have caught fire, carefully close the door. (Closing the door too quickly after refueling will reduce the firebox temperature and result in an unsatisfactory burn.) Remember it is more efficient to burn medium sized wood, briskly, and refuel frequently than to load the appliance with large logs that result in a smouldering, inefficient fire and dirty glass.

As soon as the door is closed, you will observe a change in the flame pattern. The flames will get smaller and lazier because less oxygen is getting into the combustion chamber. The flames, however, are more efficient. The flames will remain lazy but become larger again as soon as the firebricks have been heated thoroughly and the chimney becomes heated and provides a good draft. At this point, the roaring fire that you see when the door is opened is wastefully drawing heated room air up the chimney, certainly not desirable. Always operate with the door fully closed once the medium sized logs have caught fire.

You can now add larger pieces of wood and operate the appliance normally. Once the appliance is entirely hot, it will burn very efficiently with little smoke from the chimney. There will be a bed of orange coals in the firebox and secondary flames flickering just below the top baffles. You can safely fill the firebox with wood to the top of the door and will get best burns if you keep the appliance pipe temperatures between 250°F (120°C) and 450°F (270°C). A surface thermometer will help regulate this.

Without an appliance thermometer, you are working blindly and have no idea of how the appliance is operating! An appliance thermometer offers a guide to performance.

Can’t get the fire going? Use more kindling and paper. Assuming the chimney and vent are sized correctly and there is sufficient combustion air, the lack of sufficiently dry quantities of small kindling is the problem. Thumb size is a good gauge for small kindling diameter.

Can’t get heat out of the appliance? One of two things may have happened. The appliance door may have been closed prematurely and the appliance itself has not reached optimum temperature. Reopen the door and/or draft control to re-establish a brisk fire. The other problem may have been wet wood. The typical symptom is sizzling wood and moisture being driven from the wood.
5.1 optimum burn method
For optimal emissions performance and efficiency, follow these simple guidelines when using your appliance:

A. Maintain a 2" (51mm) deep, hot, glowing red coal bed.
B. Burn dry seasoned wood with less than 20% moisture content and burn so that the glass door remains clean.
C. A stove thermometer should indicate 350°F (176°C) as an average temperature.
D. Maintain a minimal trace of smoke coming from the chimney when the appliance is burning as intended.
E. Inspect and replace all necessary components such as gaskets, manifolds, glass and other components which may affect the overall appliance performance.
F. Ensure an adequate draft to control burn rate and temperature.

See “operation” and “maintenance” sections.

5.2 optional fan operation
The following operating procedure is recommended to achieve optimal performance:

When operating on high burn rate:
1. We recommend setting the fan to the "HIGH" setting and operating with a thermodisc (located at the back of the appliance).

When operating on medium burn rate:
2. We do not recommend using the fan.

When operating on low burn rate:
3. We recommend turning on the fan after approximately 60 minutes at the minimum setting and operating with a thermodisc (located at the back of the appliance).

5.3 air control

**WARNING**

- This wood appliance has a manufacturer-set minimum low burn rate that must not be altered. It is against federal regulations in the United States to alter this setting or otherwise operate this wood appliance in a manner inconsistent with operating instructions in this manual.

Draft is the force which moves air from the firebox up through the chimney. The amount of draft in your chimney depends on the length and diameter of chimney, local geography, nearby obstructions and other factors. Adjusting the air control all the way to the left reduces the temperature. The draft can be adjusted from low to high by moving the handle from left to right. Inadequate draft may cause back-puffing into the room through the appliance and chimney connector points and may cause plugging of the chimney. Too much draft may cause an excessive temperature in the appliance, glowing red appliance parts or chimney connectors or an uncontrollable burn which can lead to a chimney fire or permanent damage to the appliance. Do not operate your appliance for longer than 30 minutes with the air control on “HIGH” (fully open).

5.4 fire extinguishers / smoke detectors

All homes with a solid fuel burning appliance should have at least one fire extinguisher in a central location, known to all, at least one smoke detector and carbon monoxide (CO) detector in the room containing the appliance. If the smoke detector sounds an alarm, correct the cause but do not deactive or relocate the smoke detector. If the carbon monoxide detector sounds an alarm, immediately vent the area, evacuate and call your local fire department.
5.5 fuel loading

When loading the appliance, ensure that the two upper fibre baffles are not lifted up and off their ledge. Maximum heat for minimum fuel (optimum burn) occurs when the appliance top temperature is between 500°F (260°C) and 600°F (315°C).

**note:**

When loading the appliance, ensure to keep fuel back from the glass. If coals are to accumulate on the front lip, there is a chance they will fall out when the door is opened.

Burn only dry seasoned wood with 20% moisture content. It produces more heat and less soot or creosote. Do not burn ocean beach wood. Its salt content can produce a metal eating acid. Because these appliances burn at the front, they are clean and efficient, but they are also very hot and gloves are useful.

**WARNING**

- Burn wood behind the log retainer directly on the firebricks. Do not use elevated grate or otherwise raise the fire.
- Do not store wood within appliance installation clearances or within the space required for re-fueling and ash removal.
- Burning wet, unseasoned wood can cause excessive creosote accumulation, which, when ignited, can cause a chimney fire that may result in a serious house fire.

When operating the appliance efficiently, the bricks will be nearly all white and the glass mostly clear. The whiteness of the bricks and the cleanliness of the glass are good indicators of your operating efficiency.

Not enough heat is produced when only one or two pieces of wood are burned.

A minimum of three pieces are needed to encase a bed of coals that sustains the fire. Loosely stacked wood burns quicker than a tightly packed load.

A flash fire is a small fire burned quickly when you don’t need much heat. After your kindling has “caught”, load at least 3 pieces of wood, stacked loosely. Burn with the draft control fully open or closed only slightly.

Wood burns in cycles rather than giving a steady output of heat. It is best to plan these cycles around your household routine so that only enough coals are left to start the next load.

**INSUFFICIENT FIREWOOD**

When refuelling, open the door slowly to prevent smoke spillage. Use a pair of long appliance gloves when feeding the fire. Keep a small steel shovel nearby to use as a poker and to remove ashes. Do not store wood within 4 feet (1.2m) of the appliance.

Follow the directions below to minimize smoke spillage while re-loading the appliance.

1. Move the air control to high.
2. Open the bypass door, if equipped.
3. Open the glass door slightly. Allow the airflow inside the firebox to stabilize before opening the doors fully.
4. Load wood and burn at a medium low setting.
5. After 5-10 minutes, close the glass doors.
6. Ensure catalyst temperature is stable then shut bypass door, if equipped.

In the evening, load your appliance at least a half-hour before bed to ensure the fire is hot enough to close the draft control for an overnight burn, refer to the "overnight burn" section for detailed information.
5.5.1 extended fire

Load your larger pieces of wood so they are tightly packed, close enough to prevent the flames from penetrating it completely. After approximately 30 minutes, depending on the size of the load, close the draft control completely making sure that the fire is not extinguished.

**DO NOT OVERFIRE THE APPLIANCE!**

Overfiring can occur by:

A. Burning large amounts of smaller wood pieces such as furniture scraps, skids or treated wood;
B. Vigorously burning large loads of wood with the draft control on "HIGH" (fully open) for long periods of time (one or two hours).
C. Operating the appliance with the ash dump door blocked open or a poor gasket seal on the main door.

5.6 smoking

A properly installed appliance should not smoke. If yours does, check the following:

- Has the chimney had time to get hot?
- Is the smoke passage blocked anywhere in the appliance, chimney connector or chimney?
- Is the room too airtight and the air intake not connected to the outside? Try with a window partly open.
- Is the smoke flow impeded by too long a horizontal pipe or too many bends?
- Is it a weak draft perhaps caused by a leaky chimney, a cold outside chimney, too large a diameter of a chimney, too short a chimney, or a chimney too close to trees or a higher roof?
- Is the moisture content of the wood greater than 20%?
- If equipped, has the catalyst bypass been closed or closed prematurely?
Check your chimney and chimney connector for creosote and soot buildup weekly until a safe frequency for cleaning is established.

If accumulation is excessive, disconnect the appliance and clean both the chimney and the appliance. You may want to call a professional chimney sweep to clean them. Both have to be cleaned at least once a year or as often as necessary.

Remove fibre baffles and clean above them once a year. Replace any broken bricks.

6.1 ash removal procedures

Allow the ashes in your firebox to accumulate to a depth of two or three inches; they tend to burn themselves up. When the fire has burned down and cooled, remove any excess ashes but leave an ash bed approximately 1" (25mm) deep on the firebox bottom to help maintain a hot charcoal bed.

**DISPOSAL OF ASHES:** Ashes should be placed in a metal container with a tight fitting lid. The closed container of ashes should be placed on a non-combustible floor or ground, well away from all combustible materials, pending final disposal. If the ashes are disposed of by burial in soil or otherwise locally dispersed, they should be retained in the closed container until all cinders have thoroughly cooled.

6.2 creosote formation and removal

When wood is burned slowly, it produces tar and other organic vapors, which combine with expelled moisture to form creosote. The creosote vapors condense in the relatively cooler chimney flue or a slow-burning fire. As a result, creosote residue accumulates on the flue lining. When ignited, this creosote makes an extremely hot fire.

The chimney connector and chimney should be inspected at least once every two months during the heating season to determine if a creosote buildup has occurred.

If creosote has accumulated, it should be removed to reduce the risk of a chimney fire.
6.3 runaway or chimney fire

**WARNING**

- A chimney fire can permanently damage your chimney system. This damage can only be repaired by replacing the damaged component parts. Chimney fires are not covered by the lifetime limited warranty.

**CAUSES:**
- Using incorrect fuel, or small fuel pieces which would normally be used as kindling.
- Creosote build up in chimney.
- Leaving the door ajar too long and creating extreme temperatures as the air rushes in the open door.
- If equipped, burning your appliance with the ash plug not securely seated.

**SOLUTIONS:**
- Do not burn treated, painted, artificial, paper or processed wood logs, coal, charcoal, coloured paper or cardboard.
- Have chimney regularly cleaned.
- Be careful not to over-fire the appliance by leaving the door open too long after initial start-up. A thermometer on the chimney connector and/or appliance top helps to indicate the appliance operating temperature.
- If equipped, always operate the appliance with the ash plug properly installed.

**IN CASE OF A CHIMNEY FIRE:**
- Close glass door and air control (and damper, when equipped).
- Have a well understood plan for evacuation and a place outside for everyone to meet. Prepare to evacuate to ensure everyone's safety.
- Call local fire department. Have a fire extinguisher handy. Contact local authorities for further information on how to handle a chimney fire.
- After the chimney fire is out, clean and inspect the chimney or chimney liner for stress and cracks prior to lighting another fire. Also check combustibles around the chimney and the roof.

6.4 chimney cleaning

Both the chimney and the appliance must be inspected and cleaned if necessary at least once a year. For serious wood burners, chimney cleaning must be done as needed to avoid chimney fires; the venting systems for controlled combustion appliances may need cleaning as often as once a month. These rates, however, depend on the burning habits of the individual operating the appliance. For example, it is possible to clog a solid fuel appliance chimney in a few days if slow, smoldering fires are burned and the chimney is cold.

| note: |
| Appliances burned consistently without hot fires may result in significant creosote accumulations in the chimney. |

Certain items and considerations are important in chimney cleaning:
- Proper tools should be used, including a brush specifically designed for chimney cleaning.
- The chimney connector and dampers as well as the chimney should be cleaned.
- The appliance's firebox and baffle system should be cleaned if needed.
- The chimney should be inspected and repairs made if needed, preferably by a qualified chimney sweep or mason.
6.5 door removal

**WARNING**
- Burning your appliance with the doors open or ajar creates a fire hazard that may result in a house and/or chimney fire.
- Do not strike or slam door.
- Never remove the door when the appliance is hot.

1. Pivot the door open and lift the door and pins off the bushings.
2. Set the door aside being careful not to scratch the paint.

6.6 glass replacement

**WARNING**
- Do not use substitute materials.
- Glass may be hot. Do not touch glass until cooled.
- Care must be taken when removing and disposing of any broken door glass or damaged components. Be sure to vacuum up any broken glass from inside appliance before operation.
- Do not strike, slam, or scratch. Do not operate appliance with glass removed, cracked, broken, or scratched.

1. When the appliance is cool, remove the door and place it face down on a soft surface. Be careful not to scratch the paint.
2. Remove the 5 screws securing the glass retainers. Remove all broken glass.
3. Cut the 3/4” (19mm) flat gasket into 3 1/2” (89mm) lengths and affix to glass retainers as illustrated. Ensure the gasket extends past the ends of the retainers by 1/4” (6mm).
4. Apply small beads of silicone in the gasket groove, as shown.
5. Place the rope gasket in the gasket groove on top of the silicone.
6. Place the glass on the door. Re-install the glass retainers.

**Note:**
For replacement glass, size, thickness, and specifications, see “replacement parts” section.
6.7 care of glass

**WARNING**

- Do not clean glass when hot! Do not use abrasive cleaners to clean glass.

If the glass is not kept clean, permanent discolouration and/or blemishes may result. Normally a hot fire will clean the glass. The most common reasons for dirty glass include:
  - Not using sufficient fuel to get the appliance thoroughly hot.
  - Using green or wet wood.
  - Closing the draft so far that there is insufficient air for complete combustion.

If it is necessary to clean the glass, buff lightly with a clean dry cloth and non-abrasive cleaner. Clean the glass after the first 10 hours of operation with a recommended appliance glass cleaner. Thereafter, clean as required.

The glass is very strong, but do not let burning fuel rest or fall against it and always close the door gently.

**NEVER FORCE OR SLAM IT SHUT!**

Do not operate the appliance with broken glass, as leakage of flue gases may result.

Contact your local authorized dealer/distributor for complete cleaning instructions.

If the glass should ever crack or break while the fire is burning, do not open the door until the fire is out. Do not operate the appliance until the glass has been replaced. Contact your local authorized dealer/distributor for replacement parts. **DO NOT SUBSTITUTE MATERIALS.**

6.8 blower service or replacement

A. Turn off all electrical power to the appliance.

B. Remove the two screws securing the cover to the blower housing.

C. Remove ground wire screw.

D. Remove the four screws securing the retainer and lift the retainer/blowers up and out of the housing.

E. Dust and debris may accumulate, vacuum the blowers and housing prior to re-installation.

F. If blower replacement is required, each blower is attached to the retainer by four screws. Remove the screws to replace or repair.

G. Re-install by reversing the procedure.
WARNING

- This appliance is designed to burn natural wood only. Do not burn treated wood, coal, charcoal, coloured paper, cardboard, solvents or garbage. This appliance has not been tested with an unvented gas log set. To reduce risk of fire or injury, do not install an unvented gas log set into the appliance.
- Higher efficiencies and lower emissions generally result when burning air dried seasoned hardwoods, as compared to softwoods or too green or freshly cut hardwoods.
- Burning wet unseasoned wood can cause excessive creosote accumulation. When ignited, it can cause a chimney fire that may result in a serious house fire.
- Do not store fuel within the clearance to combustibles, or in the space required for re-fueling and ash removal.

Before loading the appliance, ensure all required insulation and baffles (if equipped) are installed and situated properly. For maximum efficiency, when the appliance is thoroughly hot, load it fully to the specified maximum amount and burn at a medium low setting (if equipped). The whiteness of the bricks and the cleanliness of the glass are good indicators of your operating efficiency. Not enough heat is produced when only a few pieces of wood are burned or the wood may not burn completely.

**note:**
Appliances surrounded by solid rock or brick will experience a longer heat up period as those materials absorb the heat being generated.

**TYPES OF WOOD**

Both hardwood and softwood burn equally well in this appliance but hardwood is denser, will weigh more per cord and burn a little slower and longer.

Manufactured firelogs made by compressing 100% natural wood fibre can be safely used as fuel. Do not use manufactured firelogs if they contain additives such as paraffin, wax, binders etc. Never burn more than two manufactured firelogs at a time.

**MOISTURE CONTENT**

Burn only dry, clean unpainted wood that has been seasoned. It produces more heat and less soot or creosote. Freshly cut wood contains about 50% moisture while after proper seasoning only about 20% of the water remains. As wood is burned, this water boils off consuming energy that should be used in heating. The wetter the wood, the less heat is given off and the more creosote is produced. Dry firewood has cracks in the end of the grain.

**STORING WOOD**

Firewood should be split and stacked in a manner that allows for full air circulation and covered in early spring to be ready for burning that fall. Dry firewood has cracks in the end grain.

Cut the wood so that it will fit horizontally, front to back, making for easier loading and less of a likelihood that the wood will roll onto the glass.

Fuel for the appliance must not be stored closer than the required clearances to combustibles (heat sensitive material). **NEVER STORE WOOD IN THE ASH PAN COMPARTMENT** (if applicable).
7.0 replacement parts

**WARNING**

- Failure to position the parts in accordance with this manual or failure to use only parts specifically approved with this appliance may result in property damage or personal injury.

Contact your dealer for questions concerning prices and policies on replacement parts. Normally, all parts can be ordered through your Authorized dealer / distributor.

**For warranty replacement parts, a photocopy of the original invoice will be required to honour the claim.**

When ordering replacement parts always give the following information:
- Model & Serial Number of appliance
- Installation date of appliance
- Part number
- Description of part
- Finish

**Parts, part numbers, and availability are subject to change without notice.**

**Parts identified as stocked will be delivered within 2 to 5 business days for most delivery destinations.**

**Parts not identified as stocked will be delivered within a 2 to 4 week period, for most cases.**

**Parts identified as ‘SO’ are special order and can take up to 90 days for delivery.**
7.1 overview

Items may not appear exactly as illustrated.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ref. No.</th>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Stocked</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 *</td>
<td>W325-0042</td>
<td>Spring handle - small black</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 *</td>
<td>W325-0043</td>
<td>Spring handle - large black</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>W090-0015</td>
<td>Brick 4.5” x 6” x 1.25” (114mm x 229mm x 32mm)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>W090-0168</td>
<td>Brick 4.5” x 6.25” x 1.25” (114mm x 159mm x 32mm)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>W090-0179</td>
<td>Brick 2.75” x 6” x 1.25” (70mm x 229mm x 32mm)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>W090-0018</td>
<td>Brick 2.25” x 6” x 1.25” (57mm x 229mm x 32mm)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>W680-0008</td>
<td>Complete brick set</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>W018-0118</td>
<td>Fibre baffle</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>W225-0214</td>
<td>Black door</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 *</td>
<td>W010-235</td>
<td>Kit, replacement glass and gasket</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 *</td>
<td>W020-0563</td>
<td>Kit, glass gasket</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>W720-0155</td>
<td>Rear secondary air tube</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>W720-0135</td>
<td>Front secondary air tube</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ref. No.</th>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Stocked</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>W020-0403-SER</td>
<td>Door handle assembly</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>W062-0077</td>
<td>Blower</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>KB-35</td>
<td>Variable speed switch</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>W690-0032-SER</td>
<td>Thermal switch</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>W380-0002</td>
<td>Knob</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>W283-0112-SER</td>
<td>Flashing, top centre</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>W283-0113-SER</td>
<td>Flashing, top left</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>W283-0114-SER</td>
<td>Flashing, top right</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>W283-0115-SER</td>
<td>Flashing, bottom left</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>W283-0116-SER</td>
<td>Flashing, bottom right</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23 *</td>
<td>W023-0044</td>
<td>Kit, door gasket</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>W150-0067</td>
<td>Chute, blower</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Parts not illustrated.
# 8.0 Troubleshooting

## Warning

- Turn off the appliance completely and let cool before servicing. Only a qualified service person should service and repair this electric appliance.
- Appliance may be hot, do not service until appliance has cooled.
- Do not use abrasive cleaners.
- When checking connections, installing jumper wires (for test purposes only) or replacing components, unplug appliance from the receptacle to prevent electrical shock or damage to the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symptom</th>
<th>Test Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Can’t get the fire started.</td>
<td>Not enough kindling / paper? Add more.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not enough air? Ensure air control is fully open. Also ensure that the air opening is not obstructed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cold air blockage? Burn a piece of paper to establish a draft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Use dry seasoned wood with 20% moisture content.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Flue blockage? Inspect chimney.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smokes when door is open.</td>
<td>Cold air blockage? Burn a piece of paper to establish a draft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Insufficient draft? Add more pipe.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Let air stabilize before opening door.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ensure baffles are positioned correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Negative pressure? Open a window near the appliance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appliance emits odour.</td>
<td>Paint curing, see “general instructions” section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stove doesn’t burn hot enough.</td>
<td>Wood has more than 20% moisture.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Insufficient draft? Add more pipe.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not enough air? Ensure air control is fully open. Also ensure that the air opening is not obstructed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wood burns too fast.</td>
<td>Air control may need to be adjusted down.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Check to see ash plug is properly seated (if equipped).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Check door gasket for adequate seal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wood may be extremely dry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dirty glass.</td>
<td>Air control may be closed too far.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Burn hotter, smaller fires.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Use well seasoned wood with 20% moisture content.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blower does not run.</td>
<td>Appliance may not be up to temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ensure blower has power.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


9.0 warranty

AMBIANCE products are manufactured under the strict Standard of the World Recognized ISO 9001 : 2015 Quality Management System.

AMBIANCE products are designed with superior components and materials, assembled by trained craftsmen who take great pride in their work. The complete appliance is thoroughly inspected by a qualified and authorized installer, service agency or supplier before packaging to ensure that you, the customer, receives the quality product that you expect from AMBIANCE.

AMBIANCE WOOD APPLIANCE LIMITED WARRANTY

The following materials and workmanship in your new AMBIANCE appliance are warranted against defects as defined below:
The combustion chamber is warranted against defects for a period of 5 years.
The secondary air tubes are warranted against defects for a period of 5 years.
Electrical (110V) components and wearable parts are covered and AMBIANCE will provide replacement parts free of charge during the first year of the limited warranty. This covers: blowers, thermal switches, switches, wiring, rheostats, firebrick, ceramic glass (thermal breakage only), fibre baffles and gasketing.*
Any labour related to warranty repair is not covered.
* Construction of models vary. Warranty applies only to components included with your specific appliance.

CONDITIONS AND LIMITATIONS

Wolf Steel warrants its AMBIANCE products against manufacturing defects to the original purchaser only. Registering your warranty is not necessary. Simply provide your proof of purchase along with the model and serial number to make a warranty claim. Provided that the purchase was made through an authorized AMBIANCE dealer your appliance is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
Warranty coverage begins on the date of original installation.
This factory warranty is non-transferable and may not be extended whatsoever by any of our representatives.
The appliance must be installed by a qualified and authorized installer, service agency or supplier. Installation must be done in accordance with the installation instructions included with the product and all local and national building and fire codes.
This limited warranty does not cover damages caused by misuse, lack of maintenance, accident, alterations, abuse or neglect. Operating the appliance on high for extended periods of time, is neglect. Parts installed from other manufacturers will nullify this warranty.
This limited warranty further does not cover any scratches, dents, corrosion or discoloring caused by excessive heat, abrasive and chemical cleaners nor shipping on porcelain enamel parts, nor any venting components used in the installation of the appliance.
In the first year only, this warranty extends to the repair or replacement of warranted parts which are defective in material or workmanship provided that the product has been operated in accordance with the operation instructions and under normal conditions.
After the first year, with respect to the AMBIANCE’S Limited Warranty, Wolf Steel may, at its discretion, fully discharge all obligations with respect to this warranty by refunding to the original warranted purchaser the wholesale price of any warranted but defective parts.
After the first year, Wolf Steel Ltd. will not be responsible for installation, labour or any other costs or expenses related to the reinstallation of a warranted part, and such expenses are not covered by this warranty.
Notwithstanding any provisions contained in the AMBIANCE’S Limited Warranty, Wolf Steel’s responsibility under this warranty is defined as above and it shall not in any event extend to any incidental, consequential or indirect damages.
This warranty defines the obligations and liability of Wolf Steel with respect to the AMBIANCE appliance and any other warranties expressed or implied with respect to this product, its components or accessories are excluded.
Wolf Steel neither assumes, nor authorizes any third party to assume, on its behalf, any other liabilities with respect to the sale of this product.
Wolf Steel will not be responsible for: over-firing, downdrafts, spillage caused by environmental conditions such as rooftops, buildings, nearby trees, hills, mountains, inadequate vents or ventilation, excessive venting configurations, insufficient makeup air, or negative air pressures which may or may not be caused by mechanical systems such as exhaust blowers, furnaces, clothes dryers, etc.
Any damages to appliance, combustion chamber, heat exchanger or other components due to water, weather damage, long periods of dampness, condensation, damaging chemicals or cleaners will not be the responsibility of Wolf Steel.
Regular cleaning of the fine ash generated during the operation of this appliance is a necessary part of maintaining your appliance. Failure of any components, which is attributed to poor maintenance, is not warrantable and will not be covered by this policy.
Wolf Steel reserves the right to have its representative inspect any AMBIANCE product or part thereof prior to honouring any warranty claim.
All parts replaced under the Limited Warranty Policy are subject to a single claim.
During the first 10 years Wolf Steel Ltd. will replace or repair the defective parts covered by the lifetime warranty at our discretion free of charge. From 10 years to life, Wolf Steel Ltd. will provide replacement parts at 50% of the current retail price.
All parts replaced under the warranty will be covered for a period of 90 days from the date of their installation.
The manufacturer may require that defective parts or products be returned or that digital pictures be provided to support the claim.
Returned products are to be shipped prepaid to the manufacturer for investigation. If a product is found to be defective, the manufacturer will repair or replace such defect.
Before shipping your appliance or defective components, your dealer must obtain an authorization number. Any merchandise shipped without authorization will be refused and returned to sender.
Shipping costs are not covered under this warranty.
Additional service fees may apply if you are seeking warranty service from a dealer.
Labour, travel, diagnostic tests, shipping and other related charges are not covered by this warranty.

ALL SPECIFICATIONS AND DESIGNS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT PRIOR NOTICE DUE TO ON-GOING PRODUCT IMPROVEMENTS.